

DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL JAMMU
SESSION:2024-25
ANNUAL EXAMINATION
SAMPLE PAPER

CLASS:VII
SUBJECT: ENGLISH

M.M: 80 Marks
Time: 3 hrs

Instructions:

Read the questions carefully.

Attempt all questions.

Section A(Reading)- 20 marks

Section B(Grammar & Creative Writing Skills)- 32 marks

Section C(Literature)- 28 marks

SECTION A- READING

Q1. Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow: (10 marks)

Swami Vivekananda was born on January 12, 1863, in Kolkata. His birth name was Narendranath Datta. His father, Vishwanath Datta, was a successful lawyer. Narendranath's interest in spirituality began early. He joined the Brahmo Samaj, a religious movement founded by Raja Ram Mohan Roy. Narendranath met Ramakrishna Paramahansa, a spiritual guru, in 1881. Ramakrishna recognized Narendranath's potential and mentored him. After Ramakrishna's death in 1886, Narendranath became a monk, taking the name Swami Vivekananda. In 1893, Vivekananda traveled to Chicago to attend the World Parliament of Religions. His speech, beginning with "Sisters and Brothers of America," mesmerized the audience. He introduced Hinduism and Vedanta philosophy to the Western world. Vivekananda founded the Ramakrishna Mission in 1897, aiming to serve humanity through education, healthcare, and social welfare. He emphasized the importance of self-reliance, patriotism, and spiritual growth. Vivekananda's teachings focused on-. The unity of all existence, The divinity within every individual and Service to humanity. He believed in India's potential to lead the world spiritually. Vivekananda's message inspired millions worldwide.

On the basis of your reading of the above passage, answer the following:

A. Where was Swami Vivekananda born? (1 mark)

- | | |
|------------|------------|
| a) Kolkata | b) Chennai |
| c) Mumbai | d) Delhi |

B) Who mentored Swami Vivekananda? (1 mark)

- | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| a) Ramakrishna Paramahansa | b) Raja Ram Mohan Roy |
| c) Mahatma Gandhi | d) Jawaharlal Nehru |

C) What is the synonym of the word "Spritual" from the passage? (1mark)

- | | |
|---------------|------------------|
| a) contribute | b) devotional |
| b) endangered | d) none of these |

D) What is the antonym of "Ending" in the passage? (1 mark)

- | | |
|-------------|------------------|
| a)beginning | b) few |
| c) more | d) none of these |

E) State True or False: (1 mark)

Swami Vivekananda founded the Ramakrishna Mission in 1897, aiming to serve humanity through education, healthcare, and social welfare _____

F) Complete the Statement: (1mark)

After Ramakrishna's death in 1886, Narendranath became a monk _____

G) What were Swami Vivekananda core teachings? (2marks)

H) What was Swami Vivekananda message to the world? (2 marks)

Q2. Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow: (10 marks)

Birds are fascinating creatures that inhabit various ecosystems around the world. With over 10,000 different species, they display a remarkable diversity in size, color, behaviour, and habitat. Birds belong to the class Aves and are characterized by their feathered bodies, beaks, and the ability to lay eggs. Birds play a crucial role in maintaining ecological balance. They contribute to seed dispersal, insect control, and pollination of plants. Additionally, their migratory patterns help in connecting different parts of the world and contribute to global biodiversity. From the tiny hummingbird to the majestic eagle, each species has unique adaptations that enable them to thrive in their specific environments. Feathers serve various purposes for birds, including insulation, aerodynamics, and display during courtship rituals. The beak of a bird is adapted to its feeding habits, whether it is the long, probing beak of a hummingbird or the strong, hooked beak of a bird of prey. Despite their differences, all birds share common characteristics such as hollow bones, a high metabolic rate, and a keen sense of vision. Some birds are excellent mimics, capable of imitating sounds from their surroundings.

On the basis of your reading of the above passage, answer the following:

A. What is the primary purpose of feathers in birds? (1 mark)

- a) Flight b) Camouflage
- c) Protection d) All of the above

B. How do birds contribute to ecosystems? (1 mark)

- a) Seed dispersal b) Insect control
- c) Pollination d) All of the above

C) What is the synonym of the word “fascination” from the passage? (1 mark)

- a) development b) imagination
- c) scientific d) none of the above

C. What is the antonym of “irrelevant” in the passage? (1 mark)

- a) Fostering b) crucial c) language d) thinking

D. State True or False: (1 mark)

The head of a bird is adapted to its feeding habits, whether it is the long, probing beak of a hummingbird or the strong, _____

E. Complete the Statement: (1 mark)

Despite their differences, all birds share common characteristics _____.

G. How do birds contribute to ecosystem? (2 Marks)

H. What is the primary function of feathers? (2 Marks)

SECTION B- GRAMMAR

Q3. Put in the correct question tag. (1X6=6 Marks)

- a. She's from a small town in Leh, _____
- b. We're early again, _____
- c. I am not allowed to go inside the temple, _____
- e. Let's go for lunch, _____
- f. Don't pluck the flowers, _____
- g. He cannot travel at night, _____

Q4. Choose the correct modal from the given options. (1x5=5 marks)

- a. _____ I help you to pack the things? (Shall/can/might)
- b. _____ I borrow this pen from you Sir? (might/ may/ could)
- c. _____ I borrow today's Economics Times from you?(might/must/Can)
- d. Father _____ be attending a meeting in his office today. (may/could/shall)
- e. The girl is crying, she _____ be injured.(might/could/shall)

Q5. Choose the correct Determiner**(1x5=5 marks)**

- a. She is looking for (a / the) book she left here.
- b. I have (some / any) friends in New York.
- c. Can I have (a / some) water, please?
- d. (Few / A few) people know the truth.
- e. They are visiting (their / theirs) grandparents.

Q6. Rewrite the following sentences in indirect speech.**(1x5=5 marks)**

- a. She says, "I am eating."
- b. Sita said, "I like this song".
- c. He said, "Open the door."
- d. "We finished the project on time", they said.
- e. She said to me, "Where are you going for the vacation?"

CREATIVE WRITING SKILLS

Q7. On the occasion of Independence day, prepare a **poster** on the unity in diversity concept prevalent in India. Also, create awareness regarding the "Azadi Utsav" being organised by your organisation on this occasion.

OR**(5 marks)**

You recently visited an "old Age Home" in Bangalore with your friends. Using the hints given below together with your ideas, make a **diary entry** of what you saw and experienced there.

Q8. Pollution is one of the most dangerous environmental problems the world is facing today. Write an **article** on the topic "Pollution"

(6 marks)**OR**

Develop a **short story**, within 100 words, from the given outline. Suggest a suitable title of the story. Write the moral of the story.

A boy used to cry for new costly shoes--- poor father--- factory worker--- salary--- couldn't afford--- the boy cried a lot--- left home--- saw a beggar at the bus stop--- he had no legs--- realization happened--- thanked God for giving him two legs--- realized the love and care of his parents

SECTION-C (LITERATURE)

9. Read the following statement and answer the questions that follow:

(1x4=4mark)

Once there was a talking fan- Electrical his chatter

I could not quite hear what he said

And I hope it doesn't matter

- a. Name the poem and the poet.
- b. Write the rhyme scheme of the above given lines.
- c. The chatter is electrical because.....
- d. Name the poetic device in the given lines.

10. Read the following extract and answer the questions that follow:

(1x4=4 marks)

"Mr Wonka said, "So once again I rolled up my sleeves and set to work. Once again I squeezed my brain, searching for the new recipe... I had to create age... to make people old... old, older, oldest... 'Ha-ha!' I cried, for now the ideas were beginning to come. 'What is the oldest living thing in the world? What lives longer than anything else?"

- a) Name the chapter and the author.
- b) What did Mr. Wonka say he was searching for in his new recipe?
- c) What action did Mr. Wonka take when he started working on the new recipe?
- d) What happened next in the story?

11. Answer the following questions: (Do any 6)

(2x6=12 marks)

- a) What trees does Mr Wonka mention? Which three does he say live the longest?
- b) "But mother says that kind is good...." what is mother referring to in poem?

- c) What do you think the talking fan was demanding?
- d) Why did the author visit the shops so infrequently?
- e) What was Mr Gessler's complaint against "big firms"?
- f) Why does Mr Wonka collect items from the oldest things?
- g) How does an electric fan manage to through so much air when it is switched on?
- h) Which lines shows a complete change of the child's attitude towards snakes?

12. Answer the following questions:(Do any 2)

(4X2= 8 marks)

- a. Is there a talking fan around you? .Do you agree why / why not?
- b. Do you buy readymade clothes or by clothes and get your clothes stitched by a tailor which do you think is better?
- c. Why does Mr Wonka collect items from the oldest things? Do you think this is the right way to begin his invention?