

DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, JAMMU
Sample questions for Term Exam (2019 – 2020)
(as per the pattern of CBSE sample paper)
Sub:- Social Science
Class:- IX

Section A : Very short Questions

1. The part of Himalayas lying between Indus and Sutlej has been traditionally known as _____ .
2. Which is the highest peak of Himalayas and what is its height?
3. Arrange the countries given below in a correct sequence according to their area
 - i) USA
 - ii) China
 - iii) Russia
 - iv) Canada
 - a) iii ,ii, i, iv
 - b) iii, iv, i, ii
 - c) iv, ii, iii, i
 - d) i ,ii, iii, iv
4. What is the major objective of the National River conservation Plan (NRCP)?
5. Which one of the following describes the drainage patterns resembling the branches of a tree?
 - a) Radial
 - b) Centrifugal
 - c) Dendritic
 - d) Trellis
6. The wind blowing in the Northern plains in the summers is known as :
 - a) Kaal Baisakhi
 - b) Trade Winds
 - c) Loo
 - d) None of the above
7. The elephants are found in the hot- wet forests of
 - a) Punjab and Haryana
 - b) Rajasthan and Gujarat
 - c) West Bengal and Jharkhand
 - d) Assam and Karnataka
8. Name the wind which prevails over India in winter season.
9. Birth rate is the number of live births per thousand persons in:
 - a) 10 years
 - b) 5 years
 - c) 2 years
 - d) 1 year
10. Which state of India has got the highest population?
 - a) Uttar Pradesh
 - b) Maharashtra
 - c) Bihar
 - d) West Bengal

11. People of Palampur sell their milk to a nearby large village called .

- a.Noida b.Raiganj c. Mirzapur d.Meerut

12. Sugarcane crushing undertaken in the village is _____type of activity.

13._____ is the number of women per thousand of men in a population.

14. Which of the following has the lowest per capita income.

- a.Goa b. Assam c.Bihar d.Haryana

15. Find the incorrect option:

- a. seasonal hunger is related to cycles of food growing
- b. It occurs in a community
- c. The pattereden persists year after year
- d. This hunger continues for long and lead to death

16. In 1951, literacy rate in India was :

- a.20% b.28% c 18% d.31%

17. In the question given below, there are two statements marked as Assertion(A) and Reason (R).Read the statements and choose the correct option.

Assertion(A) Food security get affected during a natural calamity

Reason (R) Low food production lead to shortage of food in the affected areas.

- 1. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- 2. Both A and R are true and R is not the correct explanation of A.
- 3.A is the correct but R is correct.
- 4.A is wrong but R is correct.

18.When did the famine in Bengal occur:

- a. 1945 b. 1943 c. 1942 d.1944.

19. Define chronic hunger?

20. In the question given below, there are two statements marked as Assertion(A) and Reason (R).Read the statements and choose the correct option.

Assertion (A) In states like Kerela,Andhra pradesh, Gujrat there is significant decline in poverty

Reason (R) The most common method of determining poverty is income or consumption levels.

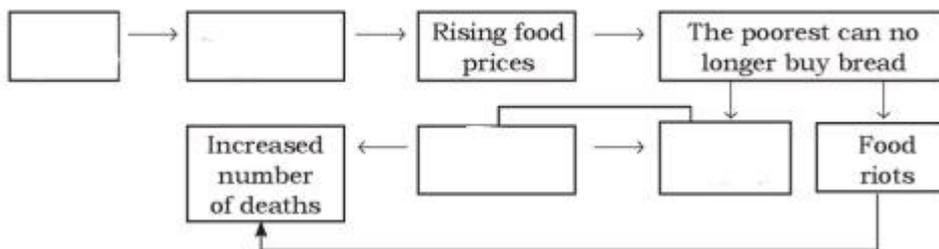
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21. Explain why the artist has portrayed the nobleman as the spider and the peasants as the fly.



22. Fill in the boxes of the given figure with the appropriate terms from among the following

- a) Weaker bodies b) scarcity of grain c) bad harvest d) diseases epidemic

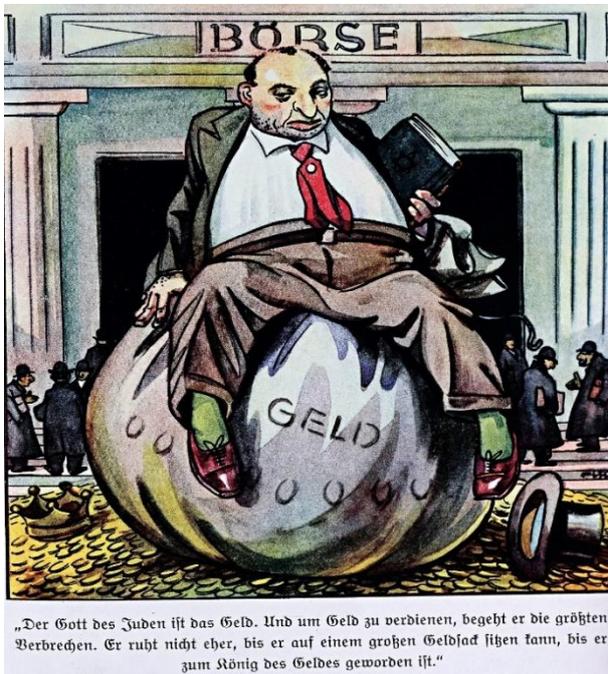


23. In 1946, French women won the(fill in the blank)

1. Match the following
1. 2nd March, 1917
2. 1929
3. 4th April, 1917
4. 1918-1920 farming

- Civil War in Russia
- Lenin declares April Thesis
- Tsar abdicates
- Beginning of collectivization in

24. What do you think this poster is trying to depict?



25. When the Wall street exchange crashed?

26. Grazing Tax was imposed by colonists on pastoralists. (Is this true or False)

27. Where is Samburu National Park located?

- a) Kenya b) Uganda c) Somalia d) Tanzania

28. What was Criminal Tribes Act?

29..... are reared by the Kurumas and Kurubas. (fill in the blank)

30.This cartoon is from Brazil, a country that has long experience of dictatorship. It is entitled ‘The Hidden side of Dictatorship’. Which hidden side does this cartoon depict?



31. Correct the following statement and rewrite

The Institutional revolutionary party used free and fair means to win elections in Mexico.

32. Who was the ‘Father of The Indian Constitution’.

33. Which of the following country has the largest written Constitution in the World?

- a) India b) USA c) Australia d) Canada

34. Arrange the procedure of Elections

- I Voting
- II Campaign
- III Results
- IV Announcement of Elections

Options

- I D---B---A---C
- II C---D---A---B
- III A---B---C---D
- IV D---A---B---C

35. The Member of Parliament is elected for a term of (fill in the blank)

36. Reservation debate was such an important issue during 1990-91 that advertisers used this theme to sell their products. Can you spot some references to political events and debates in these Amul Butter hoardings?



37. Name the Chief Election Commissioner of India.

38. Which Fundamental Right bans untouchability?

39. Which right was established in 1993?

SECTION- B SHORT ANS.QUESTIONS (3 Marks question)

40. The Sun rises two hours earlier in Arunachal Pradesh as compared to Gujarat in the west, but the watches show the same time. How does this happen?

41. "The growing domestic, municipal, industrial and agricultural demand for water from rivers naturally affects the quality of water." Explain how?

42. Explain ITCZ and its role in development of Monsoon.

43. Why do migratory birds fly to Rann of Kachchh? Name any two migratory birds that come in this region.

44. Explain any three factors primarily responsible for uneven distribution of population in India.

45. Which conditions compel landless labourers to work many jobs in a year?

46. Why are women employed in low paid work?

47. Why were the poverty alleviation programmes not successful in most parts of India?

48. Describe the Impact of famine?

49. Why is it necessary to provide food security in India?

50 .SOURCE A- Account of lived experiences in the Old Regime

'I was educated in the residential college of Plessis. There I was in the company of important men.... Once my studies ended, I was left with nothing. I started looking for a post. It was impossible to find one at the law courts in Paris. The choice of a career in the army was not open to me as I was not noble by birth, nor did I have a parton. The church too could not offer me a refuge. I could not buy an office as I did not possess a sou. My old friends turned their backs to me.....the system has provided us with an education without however offering a field where our talents could be utilized.'

SOURCE B- The life of a Revolutionary woman – Olympe de Gouges (1748-1793)

Olympe de Gouges was one of the most important of the politically active women in revolutionary France. She protested against the Constitution and the Declaration of Rights of Man and Citizen as they excluded women from basic rights that each human being was entitled to. In 1791, she wrote a Declaration of the Rights of Woman and Citizens, which she addressed to the Queen and to the members of the National Assembly, demanding that they act upon it. In 1793, Olympe de Gouges criticized the Jacobin government for forcibly closing down women's clubs. She was tried by the National Conventional, which charged her with treason. Soon after this she was executed

1 SOURCE A- Account of lived experiences in the Old Regime

1.1 What message is Young trying to convey here? Whom does he mean when he speaks of 'slaves'?

SOURCE B- The life of a Revolutionary woman – Olympe de Gouges (1748-1793)

2.1 Compare the manifesto drafted by Olympe de Gouges (Source B) with the Declaration of the Rights of man and citizen

2.2 Name the famous woman Revolutionary
1+1+1=3

51. Describe the condition of the workers in Russia before 1917.

52. What was the impact of the Great Depression on the US?

53. What was the occupation of the Pastoral communities of Karnataka and Andhra Pradesh?

54. SOURCE A-PASTORALISTS IN THE MODERN WORLD

The account of mantravelers tell us about the life of pastoral groups. In the early 19th century, Buchanan visited the Gollas during his travel through Mysore. He wrote: 'Their families lives in small villages near the skirt of the woods, where they cultivate a little ground and keep some of their cattle, sellings in the towns the producers of the dairy. Their families are also numerous, seven to eight young men in each being common. Two or three of these attend the flocks in the woods, while the remainder cultivate their fields and supply the towns with firewood and with straw for thatch

SOURCE B-PASTORALIST IN THE MODERN WORLD

..... Forest which is used for grazing cannot be used for any other purpose and is unable to yield timber and fuel, which are the main legitimate forest produce.....

SOURCE A-PASTORALIST IN THE MODERN WORLD

1.1 Write about what they tell you about the nature of the work undertaken by men and women in pastoral household.

1.2 What do you think Pastoral group often live on the edges of the forests?

SOURCE B-PASTORALIST IN THE MODERN WORLD

2.1 Which are the main legitimate that forest produce?

1+1+1=3

55. Mention three essential features of democracy?

56. What is the significance of Preamble to the Indian Constitution?

57. Highlight some issues which bring many limitations and challenges of Indian elections to our attention.

58. Describe the significance of 'Collective Responsibility'.

59. Why do we need Rights in Democracy?

SECTION- C LONG ANS. QUESTIONS (5 Marks question)

60. Read the extract and answer the question that follows:

India has almost all physical features of the Earth like mountains, plains, deserts, plateaus, islands, etc. Besides these, India also has deserts, large rivers, deltas and extensive forest land. Formation of these features is related to the formation of rocks.

There are different types of rocks in India. Some are very hard like marble, granite, etc and some are soft like soap used for making talcum powder. Soils are formed out of different types of rocks that's why these are found in different colours from place to place. The cause of these variation is due to differences in rock formation.

Earth scientists have attempted to explain the formation of physical features with the help of some theories based on certain evidences. One such Plausible theory is the 'Theory of Plate Tectonics'. According to this theory, the crust of the earth has been formed out of seven major and some minor plates.

- a. Name the physical features of India?
- b. Which is the hardest rock found in India?
- c. What are the cause of different colours of soil?
- d. What is the Theory of Plate Tectonics? (1+1+1+2=5)

61. What are the causes of river pollution? Suggest some ways to overcome them.

62. Describe the formation of the peninsular plateau. Write any four of its distinct features.

63. Read the extract and answer the question that follows:

In regions with less than 70 cm of rainfall, the natural vegetation consists of thorny trees and bushes. This type of vegetation is found in the northern-western part of the country including semi-arid areas of Gujarat, Rajasthan, Madhya Pradesh, Chhattisgarh, Uttar Pradesh and Haryana. Acacias, palms, euphorbias and cacti are the main plant species. Trees are scattered and have long roots penetrating deep into the soil in order to get moisture. The stems are succulent to conserve water. Leaves are mostly thick and small to minimize evaporation. These forests give way to thorn forests and scrubs in arid areas. In these forests, the common animals are rats, mice, rabbits, fox, wolf, tiger, lion, wild ass, horses and camels.

63.1 Which type of soil supports cactus and thorny bushes?

63.2 Why are the leaves of the Thorn forests small and stems succulent?

63.3 How are the habitats of camels and those of one horned rhinoceros diametrically opposite to each other?

64. What steps have been taken by the government of India to protect the flora and fauna of the country?

65. National Population Policy 2000 identified adolescents as one of the major sections of the population that need greater attention. Explain by giving examples.
66. Explain why Modern farming methods increase production cost, at the same time harming the physical environment.
67. What does a virtuous cycle created by the educated parents men? Explain.
68. State how social exclusion can be used in understanding poverty in India?
69. What do you mean by seasonal and chronic hunger?
70. Food security means something more than getting two square meals. Do you agree with the statement? Why?

LONG ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS (HISTORY)

71. What landmark decisions were taken by the National Assembly led by the third estate on the 4th August, 1789? What was its result?
72. Explain the views of the socialist on private property with special emphasis on Karl Marx. Name the international body set up to spread and coordinate their efforts.
73. Describe five features of Hitler's policy regarding the role of women in society.
74. Why did the cattle stock of the Massai's decrease under colonial rule?
75. 'Pastoralists were not allowed to enter the markets in the white areas' Explain its impact on the pastoralists of Africa.
76. Describe any five dirty tricks used by PRI to win elections in Mexico.
77. "India emerged as an independent country amidst heavy turmoil." Justify the statement
78. How does our election law regulate campaigns?
79. Why is there a need for political institutions?
80. Rights to Constitutional Remedies is very special right. What is so special about this right?