

**DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL JAMMU**  
**Revision Sheet for Cycle Test 1 (2018-19)**

**Subject – Mathematics**

**Class-XI**

**TOPICS:**

1. Sets
2. Relation and function
3. Trigonometric functions

**SECTION A (VERY SHORT TYPE QUESTIONS)**

Q1. If a Set A has n elements then the number of Proper subsets of A is \_\_\_\_\_

Q2. If A & B are two sets and A is the subset of B, then prove that C-B is subset of C-A

Q3. Find the domain and range of the relation

$$R = \left\{ (x, y) : y = x + \frac{6}{x} \text{ where } x, y \in N \text{ and } x < 6 \right\}$$

Q4. Prove that  $\tan(x + y) = \frac{\tan x + \tan y}{1 - \tan x \tan y}$

**SECTION B (SHORT TYPE QUESTIONS)**

Q5. Find the value of

$$\sin 1^{\circ} \sin 2^{\circ} \sin 3^{\circ} \sin 4^{\circ} \dots \dots \dots \sin 179^{\circ}$$

Q6. Prove that :

$$\cos \left( \frac{\pi}{4} + x \right) + \cos \left( \frac{\pi}{4} - x \right) = \sqrt{2} \cos x$$

Q7. Using properties of Set Prove that for all Sets A and B

$$(A \cup B) - B = A - B$$

Q8. Find the Domain of the given real function  $f(x) = \sqrt{9 - x^2}$

**SECTION C (LONG TYPE QUESTIONS)**

Q9. Let  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$  and  $g(x) = 2x+1$  be two functions defined over the set of non-negative real numbers

find i)  $(fg)(x)$       ii)  $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x)$

Q10. Find the domain for which the function  $f(x) = 4x^2 + 3$  and  $g(x) = 1 - 6x^2$  are equal.

Q11. State and prove De Morgan's Law

Q12. In a class of 70 students 35 play football and 20 students play basketball and 10 students play both the games. Find the no. of students who play neither.

**SECTION D (VERY LONG TYPE QUESTIONS)**

Q13. Prove that

$$\cos 6x = 32 \cos^6 x - 48 \cos^4 x + 18 \cos^2 x - 1$$

Q14. Find the value of (1)  $\sin 36^\circ$  ii)  $\cos (-1410)^\circ$

Q15. In a group of 50 students, 36 take tea 19 take coffee and 8 take neither of the two. How many take both tea and coffee?

Q16. Given three Sets A, B and C draw appropriate Venn diagram for each of the following

i)  $\hat{B} \cap \hat{C}$       ii)  $A \cup (B \cup C)$       iii)  $A \cup B$

iv)  $(A \cup B) \cap (A \cup C)$       v)  $(A \cup B)'$